

ON THE BINARY QUADRATIC EQUATION

$$9x^2 - 8y^2 = 49$$

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Abstract: This paper deals with the problem of obtaining non-zero distinct integer solutions to the non homogeneous binary quadratic equation represented by the Pell-like equation $9x^2 - 8y^2 = 49$. Different sets of integer solutions are presented. Employing the solutions of the above equation, integer solutions for other choices of hyperbolas, parabolas and straight lines are obtained. A special Pythagorean triangle is also determined, The construction of second order Ramanujan Numbers is illustrated.

Keywords: Non homogeneous, Binary quadratic, Pell-like equation, hyperbola, parabola, integral solutions, Special numbers.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The binary quadratic Diophantine equations (both homogeneous and non homogeneous) are rich in variety [15-20]. In [1-14] the binary quadratic non-homogeneous equations representing hyperbolas respectively are studied for their non-zero integral solutions. These results have motivated us to search for infinitely many non-zero integral solutions of an another interesting binary quadratic equation given by $9x^2 - 8y^2 = 49$. The recurrence relations satisfied by the solutions x and y are given. Also a few interesting properties among the solutions are exhibited. A special Pythagorean triangle is also determined. The construction of second order Ramanujan Numbers is illustrated.

2. METHOD OF ANALYSIS

Consider the non homogeneous binary quadratic equation

$$9x^2 - 8y^2 = 49 \quad (1)$$

Introducing the linear transformations

$$x = X + 8T, y = X + 9T \quad (2)$$

in (1), it leads to $X^2 = 72T^2 + 49$ (3)

with the least positive integer solutions $X_0 = 11, T_0 = 1$

To obtain the other solutions of equation (3), Consider the Pellian equation

$$X^2 = 72T^2 + 1$$

whose general solution, $\tilde{X}_n = \frac{1}{2}f_n, \tilde{T}_n = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{72}}g_n$

in which $f_n = [(17 + 2\sqrt{72})^{n+1} + (17 - 2\sqrt{72})^{n+1}]$

$$g_n = [(17 + 2\sqrt{72})^{n+1} - (17 - 2\sqrt{72})^{n+1}] \quad , \text{ where } n = -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

Applying Brahmagupta lemma between the solutions of (X_0, T_0) and $(\tilde{X}_n, \tilde{T}_n)$

the general solutions of equation (3) are found to be

$$X_{n+1} = \frac{11}{2}f_n + \frac{\sqrt{72}}{2}g_n$$

$$T_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}f_n + \frac{11}{2\sqrt{72}}g_n$$

In view of (2), the corresponding nonzero distinct integral solutions of (1) are

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{19f_n}{2} + \frac{80g_n}{\sqrt{72}}$$

$$y_{n+1} = 10f_n + \frac{171g_n}{2\sqrt{72}}$$

The recurrence relations satisfied by the values of x and y are respectively

$$x_{n+3} - 34x_{n+2} + x_{n+1} = 0$$

$$y_{n+3} - 34y_{n+2} + y_{n+1} = 0$$

A few numerical examples are presented in the table 1 below:

Table 1: Numerical examples

n	x_{n+1}	y_{n+1}
-1	19	20
0	643	682
1	21843	23168
2	742019	787030
3	25206803	26735852

4	856289283	908231938
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A few interesting properties are given below:

1. The values of x are odd while the values of y are even.
2. Each of the following is a Nasty number

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{49} [342x_{2n+2} - 320y_{2n+2} + 98]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{833} [11574x_{2n+2} - 320y_{2n+3} + 1666]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{784} [10912x_{2n+2} - 320x_{2n+3} + 1568]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{26656} [370688x_{2n+2} - 320x_{2n+4} + 53312]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{28273} [393174x_{2n+2} - 320y_{2n+4} + 56546]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{784} [370688x_{2n+3} - 10912x_{2n+4} + 1568]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{833} [342x_{2n+3} - 10912y_{2n+2} + 1666]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{49} [11574x_{2n+3} - 10912y_{2n+3} + 98]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{833} [393174x_{2n+3} - 10912y_{2n+3} + 1666]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{28273} [343x_{2n+4} - 370688y_{2n+2} + 56546]$$

$$\text{➤ } \frac{6}{833} [11574x_{2n+4} - 370688y_{2n+3} + 1666]$$

3. Each of the following is a Square number

$$\text{➤ } \frac{1}{49} [393174x_{2n+4} - 370688y_{2n+4} + 98]$$

- $\frac{1}{882} [342y_{2n+3} - 11574y_{2n+2} + 1764]$
- $\frac{1}{29988} [342y_{2n+4} - 393174y_{2n+2} + 59976]$
- $\frac{1}{882} [11574y_{2n+4} - 393174y_{2n+3} + 1764]$

4. Each of the following is a cubical integer

- $\frac{1}{784} [10912x_{3n+3} - 320x_{3n+4} + 32736x_{n+1} - 960x_{n+2}]$
- $\frac{1}{26656} [370688x_{3n+3} - 320x_{3n+5} + 1112064x_{n+1} - 960x_{n+3}]$
- $\frac{1}{49} [324x_{3n+3} - 320y_{3n+3} + 34722x_{n+2} - 32736y_{n+2}]$
- $\frac{1}{833} [11574x_{3n+3} - 320y_{3n+4} + 1026x_{n+2} - 32736y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{28273} [393174x_{3n+3} - 320y_{3n+5} + 1029x_{n+3} - 1112064y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{784} [370688x_{3n+4} - 10912x_{3n+5} + 1112064x_{n+2} - 32736x_{n+3}]$
- $\frac{1}{833} [342x_{3n+4} - 10912y_{3n+3} + 34722x_{n+1} - 960y_{n+2}]$
- $\frac{1}{49} [11574x_{3n+4} - 10912y_{3n+4} + 1026x_{n+1} - 960y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{833} [393174x_{3n+4} - 10912y_{3n+4} + 1026x_{n+2} - 32736y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{28273} [343x_{3n+5} - 370688y_{3n+3} + 1179522x_{n+1} - 960y_{n+3}]$
- $\frac{1}{833} [11574x_{3n+5} - 370688y_{3n+4} + 1026x_{n+2} - 32736y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{49} [393174x_{3n+5} - 370688y_{3n+5} + 1026x_{n+1} - 960y_{n+1}]$

- $\frac{1}{882} [342y_{3n+4} - 11574y_{3n+3} + 1026y_{n+2} - 34722y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{29988} [342y_{3n+5} - 393174y_{3n+3} + 1026y_{n+3} - 1179522y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{882} [11574y_{3n+5} - 393174y_{3n+4} + 1026y_{n+2} - 34722y_{n+1}]$

5. Each of the following is a bi quadratic integer

- $\frac{1}{784} [10912x_{4n+4} - 320x_{4n+5} + 43648x_{2n+2} - 1280x_{2n+3} + 4704]$
- $\frac{1}{26656} [370688x_{4n+4} - 320x_{4n+6} + 1482752x_{2n+2} - 1280x_{2n+4} + 159936]$
- $\frac{1}{49} [342x_{4n+4} - 320y_{4n+4} + 1368x_{2n+2} - 1280y_{2n+2} + 294]$
- $\frac{1}{833} [11574x_{4n+4} - 320y_{4n+5} + 46296x_{2n+2} - 1280y_{2n+3} + 4998]$
- $\frac{1}{28273} [393174x_{4n+4} - 320y_{4n+6} + 1572696x_{2n+2} - 1280y_{2n+4} + 169638]$
- $\frac{1}{784} [370688x_{4n+5} - 10912x_{4n+6} + 1482752x_{2n+3} - 43648x_{2n+4} + 4704]$
- $\frac{1}{833} [342x_{4n+5} - 10912y_{4n+4} + 1368x_{2n+3} - 43648y_{2n+2} + 4998]$
- $\frac{1}{49} [11574x_{4n+4} - 10912y_{4n+5} + 46296x_{2n+2} - 43648y_{2n+3} + 294]$
- $\frac{1}{833} [393174x_{4n+5} - 10912y_{4n+5} - 1572696x_{2n+3} - 43648y_{2n+3} + 4998]$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{28273} [343x_{4n+6} - 370688y_{4n+4} + 1372x_{2n+4} - 1482752x_{2n+2} + 169638]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{833} [11574x_{4n+6} - 370688y_{4n+5} + 46296x_{2n+4} - 1482752y_{2n+3} + 4998]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{49} [393174x_{4n+6} - 370688y_{4n+6} + 1572696x_{2n+4} - 1482752y_{2n+4} + 294]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{882} [342y_{4n+5} - 11574y_{4n+4} + 1368y_{2n+3} - 46296y_{2n+2} + 5292]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{29988} [342y_{4n+6} - 393174y_{4n+4} + 1368y_{2n+4} - 1572696y_{2n+2} + 179928]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{882} [11574y_{4n+6} - 393174y_{4n+5} + 46296y_{2n+4} - 1572696y_{2n+3} + 5292]$$

6. Each of the following is a quintic integer

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{784} [10912x_{5n+5} - 320x_{5n+6} + 54560x_{3n+3} - 1600x_{3n+4} - 109120x_{n+1} + 3200x_{n+2}]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{26656} [370688x_{5n+5} - 320x_{5n+7} + 1853440x_{3n+3} - 4800x_{3n+5} - 3706880x_{n+1} + 3200x_{n+3}]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{49} [342x_{5n+5} - 320y_{5n+5} + 1710x_{3n+3} - 1600y_{3n+3} - 3420x_{n+1} + 3200y_{n+1}]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{833} [11574x_{5n+5} - 320y_{5n+7} + 57870x_{3n+3} - 1600y_{3n+5} - 115740x_{n+1} + 3200y_{n+3}]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{784} [370688x_{5n+6} - 10912x_{5n+7} + 1853440x_{3n+4} - 54560x_{3n+5} - 3706880x_{n+2} + 109120x_{n+3}]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{833} [342x_{5n+6} - 10912y_{5n+5} + 1710x_{3n+4} - 54560y_{3n+3} - 3420x_{n+2} + 10912y_{n+1}]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{49} [11574x_{5n+6} - 10912y_{5n+6} + 57870x_{3n+4} - 54560y_{3n+4} - 115740x_{n+2} + 109120y_{n+2}]$$

$$\triangleright \frac{1}{28273} [343x_{5n+7} - 370688y_{5n+5} + 1715x_{3n+5} - 1853440y_{3n+3} - 3430x_{n+3} + 3706880y_{n+1}]$$

- $\frac{1}{833}[11574x_{5n+7} - 370688y_{5n+6} + 57870x_{3n+5} - 1853440y_{3n+4} - 115740x_{n+3} + 3706880y_{n+2}]$
- $\frac{1}{49}[393174x_{5n+7} - 370688y_{5n+7} + 1965870x_{3n+5} - 1853440y_{3n+5} - 3931740x_{n+3} + 3706880y_{n+3}]$
- $\frac{1}{882}[342y_{5n+6} - 11574y_{5n+5} + 1710y_{3n+4} - 57870y_{3n+3} - 3420y_{n+2} + 115740y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{29988}[342y_{5n+7} - 393174y_{5n+5} + 1710y_{3n+5} - 1965870y_{3n+3} - 3420y_{n+3} + 3931740y_{n+1}]$
- $\frac{1}{28273}[393174x_{5n+5} - 320y_{5n+7} + 1965870x_{3n+3} - 1600y_{3n+5} - 3931740x_{n+1} + 3200y_{n+3}]$
- $\frac{1}{833}[393174x_{5n+6} - 10912y_{5n+6} + 1965870x_{3n+4} - 54560y_{3n+4} - 3931740x_{n+2} + 109120y_{n+2}]$
- $\frac{1}{882}[11574y_{5n+7} - 393174y_{5n+6} + 57870y_{3n+5} - 1965870y_{3n+4} - 115740y_{n+3} + 3931740y_{n+2}]$

7. Relations among the solutions are given below:

- $16y_{n+1} + 17x_{n+1} - x_{n+2} = 0$
- $16y_{n+2} + x_{n+1} - 17x_{n+2} = 0$
- $x_{n+1} + x_{n+3} - 34x_{n+2} = 0$
- $544y_{n+1} + 577x_{n+1} - x_{n+3} = 0$
- $32y_{n+2} + x_{n+1} - x_{n+3} = 0$
- $544y_{n+3} + x_{n+1} - 577x_{n+3} = 0$
- $18x_{n+1} + 17y_{n+1} - y_{n+2} = 0$
- $612x_{n+1} + 577y_{n+1} - y_{n+3} = 0$
- $16y_{n+2} + x_{n+1} - 17x_{n+2} = 0$
- $18x_{n+1} + 577y_{n+2} - 17y_{n+3} = 0$
- $y_{n+1} + 18x_{n+2} - 17y_{n+2} = 0$

- $17x_{n+1} + 16y_{n+3} - 577x_{n+2} = 0$
- $577x_{n+2} + 16y_{n+1} - 17x_{n+3} = 0$
- $18x_{n+3} + 17y_{n+1} - 577y_{n+2} = 0$
- $612x_{n+3} + y_{n+1} - 577y_{n+3} = 0$
- $17x_{n+2} + 16y_{n+2} - x_{n+3} = 0$
- $18x_{n+3} + y_{n+2} - 17y_{n+3} = 0$
- $x_{n+2} + 16y_{n+3} - 17x_{n+3} = 0$
- $36x_{n+2} + y_{n+1} - y_{n+3} = 0$
- $y_{n+1} + y_{n+3} - 34y_{n+2} = 0$
- $18x_{n+2} + 17y_{n+2} - y_{n+3} = 0$
- $18x_{n+3} + y_{n+2} - 17y_{n+3} = 0$

3. REMARKABLE OBSERVATIONS:

3.1 Employing linear combinations among the solutions of (1), one may generate integer solutions for other choices of hyperbolas which are presented in the table 2 below.

Table 2: Illustrations

S.no	Hyperbola	(X, Y)
1	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 2458624$	$(10912x_{n+1} - 320x_{n+2}, 38x_{n+2} - 1286x_{n+1})$
2	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 2842169344$	$(370688x_{n+1} - 320x_{n+3}, 38x_{n+3} - 43686x_{n+1})$
3	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 9604$	$(342x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+1}, 38y_{n+1} - 40x_{n+1})$
4	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 2775556$	$(11574x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+2}, 38y_{n+2} - 1364x_{n+1})$
5	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 3197450116$	$(393174x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+3}, 38y_{n+3} - 46336x_{n+1})$
6	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 2458624$	$(370688x_{n+2} - 10912x_{n+3}, 1286x_{n+3} - 43686x_{n+2})$

7	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 27755556$	$(342x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+1}, 1286y_{n+1} - 40x_{n+2})$
8	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 9604$	$(11574x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+2}, 1286y_{n+2} - 1364x_{n+2})$
9	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 27755556$	$(393174 x_{n+2} - 10912 y_{n+2}, 1286 y_{n+3} - 46336 x_{n+2})$
10	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 3197450116$	$(343 x_{n+3} - 370688 y_{n+1}, 43686 y_{n+1} - 40 x_{n+3})$
11	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 27755556$	$(11574x_{n+3} - 370688y_{n+2}, 43686y_{n+2} - 1364x_{n+3})$
12	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 9604$	$(393174 x_{n+3} - 370688 y_{n+3}, 43686 y_{n+3} - 46336 x_{n+3})$
13	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 3111696$	$(342 y_{n+2} - 11574 y_{n+1}, 1364 y_{n+1} - 40 y_{n+2})$
14	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 3597120576$	$(342y_{n+3} - 393174y_{n+1}, 46336y_{n+1} - 40y_{n+3})$
15	$X_n^2 - 72Y_n^2 = 3111696$	$(11574y_{n+3} - 393174y_{n+2}, 46336y_{n+2} - 1364y_{n+3})$

3.2 Employing linear combinations among the solutions of (1), one may generate integer solutions for other choices of parabolas which are presented in the table 3 below

Table 3: Illustrations

S.no	Parabola	(X, Y)
1	$784X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1229312$	$(370688x_{2n+3} - 10912x_{2n+4}, 1286x_{n+3} - 43686x_{n+2})$
2	$26656X_n - Y_n^2 = 1421084672$	$(370688x_{2n+2} - 320x_{2n+4}, 38x_{n+3} - 43686x_{n+1})$
3	$49X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 4802$	$(342x_{2n+2} - 320y_{2n+2}, 38y_{n+1} - 40x_{n+1})$
4	$833X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1387778$	$(11574x_{2n+2} - 320y_{2n+3}, 38y_{n+2} - 1364x_{n+1})$
5	$28273X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1598725058$	$(393174x_{2n+2} - 320y_{2n+4}, 38y_{n+3} - 46336x_{n+1})$

6	$784X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1229312$	$(370688x_{2n+3} - 10912x_{2n+4}, 1286x_{n+3} - 43686x_{n+2})$
7	$833X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1387778$	$(342x_{2n+3} - 10912y_{2n+2}, 1286y_{n+1} - 40x_{n+2})$
8	$49X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 4802$	$(11574x_{2n+3} - 10912y_{2n+3}, 1286y_{n+2} - 1364x_{n+2})$
9	$833X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1387778$	$(11574x_{2n+4} - 370688y_{2n+3}, 43686y_{n+2} - 1364x_{n+3})$
10	$28273X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1598725058$	$(343x_{2n+4} - 370688y_{2n+2}, 43686y_{n+1} - 40x_{n+3})$
11	$833X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1387778$	$(393174x_{2n+3} - 10912y_{2n+3}, 1286y_{n+3} - 46336x_{n+2})$
12	$49X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 4802$	$(393174 x_{2n+4} - 370688 y_{2n+4}, 43686 y_{n+3} - 43686 x_{n+3})$
13	$882X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1555848$	$(209x_{n+3} - 1257y_{n+2}, 4169y_{2n+3} - 693x_{2n+4})$
14	$29988X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1798560288$	$(342y_{2n+4} - 393174y_{2n+2}, 46336y_{n+1} - 40y_{n+3})$
15	$882X_n - 72Y_n^2 = 1555848$	$(11574y_{2n+4} - 393174y_{2n+3}, 46336y_{n+2} - 1364y_{n+3})$

3.3 Employing linear combinations among the solutions of (1), one may generate integer solutions for other choices of straight lines which are presented in the table 4 below

Table 4: Illustrations

S.no	Straight line	(X, Y)
1.	$17X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$

2.	$X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 342x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+1}$
3.	$17X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 11584x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+2}$
4.	$X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 23268x_{n+2} - 682x_{n+3}$
5.	$17X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 342x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+1}$
6.	$X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 11574x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+2}$
7.	$577X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 342x_{n+3} - 370688y_{n+1}$
8.	$17X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 11574x_{n+3} - 370688y_{n+2}$
9.	$9X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 171y_{n+2} - 5787y_{n+1}$
10.	$577X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 393174x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+3}$
11.	$17X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 393174x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+3}$

12.	$306X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 171y_{n+3} - 196587y_{n+1}$
13.	$9X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 5787y_{n+3} - 196587y_{n+2}$
14.	$X = Y$	$X = 682x_{n+1} - 20x_{n+2}$ $Y = 393174x_{n+3} - 370688y_{n+3}$
15.	$X = 17Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 342x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+1}$
16.	$X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 11584x_{n+1} - 320y_{n+2}$
17.	$X = 17Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 23268x_{n+2} - 682x_{n+3}$
18.	$X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 342x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+1}$
19.	$X = 17Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 11574x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+2}$
20.	$577X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 342x_{n+3} - 370688y_{n+1}$
21.	$17X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 11574x_{n+3} - 370688y_{n+2}$

22.	$9X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 171y_{n+2} - 5787y_{n+1}$
23.	$577X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 393174x_{n+2} - 320y_{n+3}$
24.	$17X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 393174x_{n+2} - 10912y_{n+3}$
25.	$306X = Y$	$X = 11584x_{n+1} - 10x_{n+3}$ $Y = 171y_{n+3} - 196587y_{n+1}$

3.4 Consider $p = x_{n+1} + y_{n+1}, q = x_{n+1}$ observe that $p > q > 0$. Treat p, q as the generators of the Pythagorean triangle $T(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$, where $\alpha = 2pq, \beta = p^2 - q^2, \gamma = p^2 + q^2$. Let A, P represent the area and perimeter of $T(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$. Then the following interesting relations are observed.

- $16X - 9Y - 7Z - 98 = 0$.
- $\frac{2A}{P} = x_{n+1} y_{n+1}$.
- $3(Z - Y)$ is a nasty number.
- $3(X - \frac{4A}{P})$ is a nasty number.
- $X - \frac{4A}{P} + Y$ is written as the sum of two squares.

3.5 From the values of y_{n+1} , one may generate second order Ramanujan numbers with base numbers as real integers and Gaussian integers.

Illustration : Consider $y_0 = 20 = 20 * 1 = 2 * 10 = 4 * 5$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now, } 20*1 = 2*10 &\Rightarrow (20+1)^2 + (10-2)^2 = (20-1)^2 + (10+2)^2 \\ &\Rightarrow 21^2 + 8^2 = 19^2 + 12^2 = 505 \end{aligned}$$

In a similar manner,

$$2*10 = 4*5 \Rightarrow 12^2 + 1^2 = 8^2 + 9^2 = 145$$

$$20*1 = 4*5 \Rightarrow 21^2 + 1^2 = 19^2 + 9^2 = 442$$

Thus 505, 145, 442 are second order Ramanujan numbers with base numbers as real integers.

Also,

$$20*1 = 2*10 \Rightarrow (20+i)^2 + (10-2i)^2 = (20-i)^2 + (10+2i)^2 = 495$$

$$2*10 = 4*5 \Rightarrow (10+2i)^2 + (5-4i)^2 = (10-2i)^2 + (5+4i)^2 = 105$$

$$20*1 = 4*5 \Rightarrow (20-i)^2 + (5+4i)^2 = (20+i)^2 + (5-4i)^2 = 408$$

Here 495, 105, 408 are second order Ramanujan numbers with base numbers as Gaussian integers.

3.6 Let $\{a_{n+1}\}$ and $\{b_{n+1}\}$ be two sequences of positive integers, where

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n+1} - 1}{2}, b_{n+1} = \frac{y_{n+1}}{2}$$

It is observed that

- $6(t_{3,a_{n+1}} - 5)$ is a Nasty Number.
- $9t_{3,a_{n+1}} - t_{10,b_{n+1}} \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$
- $9t_{3,a_{n+1}} - 4b_{n+1}^2 = 5$ in which $t_{m,n}$ represents a polygonal number of rank n with side m .

REMARK 1:

One may also employ the linear transformations $x = X - 8T$, $y = X - 9T$ to solve (1) and obtain a different set of solutions.

REMARK 2:

The introduction of the linear transformations $x = 7(X \pm 8T)$, $y = 7(X \pm 9T)$ in (1) leads to the pellian equation

$$X^2 = 72T^2 + 1$$

whose solutions are well known. Applying these values in the above transformations, yet another set of integer solutions to (1) is obtained.

In this paper, a study is made for determining many integer solutions to the hyperbola represented by the Pell-Like equation $9x^2 - 8y^2 = 49$. As the quadratic equations are rich in variety, the readers of this paper may attempt to obtain integer solutions to other choices of quadratic equations with two or more unknowns.

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